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APPLICATION OF SOFTWARE AND NON-SOFTWARE TOOLS OF ECODESIGN

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ABSTRACT: Ecodesign tools are a user friendly eco-product development tools designed to be used by engineers as an integral part of the product launch activities. It follows both the ISO14062 and ISO 9001 processes for product development programs. In product development, the environment cannot be added as an afterthought. Generally ecodesign cannot be added-on but must be built into all the stages of the design procedures of a company. This can be done by raising awareness, training, setting of clear specifications and targets, and by incorporating environmental issues in design reviews. **KEYWORDS:** Ecodesign, non-software, tools

INTRODUCTION

The current situation may seem at first sight very difficult to comprehend, since the eco-design tools are a large number. Such a situation arose because the development and application of software and non-software tools was done spontaneously and uncoordinated. Any company, enterprise or other institution that has developed tools for their specific conditions. Remarkably, however, that the basic philosophy and methodological basis of these instruments tend to be not very different, since they were subject to the same goal - to improve their level of eco-products in the crucial stages and throughout their life cycle [4].

✤ APPLICATION OF SOFTWARE TOOLS OF ECODESIGN

Based on the facts, the usual intermediate targets developers of software tools may be different, which earned their distinction. This is as follows:

- analysis of existing products and processes and use of recorded information as feedback to improve the environmental performance of the product - LCA / LCI tools
- analysis of existing products and processes and use of information found to improve certain aspects of the product - DFX tools
- comparison of certain materials and processes in order to detect different levels of their impact on the environment - PP and WP tools, meaning to prevent pollutants (PP) and waste (WP)
- application of improvement methodology throughout the design process to improve the entire design process I tools, while here include tools like EIME and EcoDesign Tool.
 - The designations of these instruments means:
- LCA Life Cycle Assessment, DFX Design For X, "X" means that area, department, etc.,
 - I Improvement,
- LCI Life Cycle Inventory, PP - Pollution Prevention,
 - P Pollution Prevention, EIME Engineering Information Management Executive

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WP - Waste Prevention,

Table 1. Application of eco-design software tools in various stages of the design process									
Stage	Marketing	Shedule of	Conceptual	Design	Detail design	Production			
Tools		product	design	group					
LCA/LCI		Past results							
DFX									
PP / WP			Targets	Targets	Targets	Targets			
I - TOOLS									

Legends:

Field of application

This approach (goals difference) leads to the differentiation of basic eco-design software tools. It should be noted that the amount of applied data and calculation procedures, the use of these tools

required is considerable work with a high proportion of routine activities. For these reasons, the rational use of those tools and methodologies they developed in the form of software products. [2] Answers to questions - where, how, when and in which stages of the design process will be advantageous to deploy these tools indicated in table 1.

✤ Applications of Non-software tools of Ecodesign

A feature of the ecodesign tools non-software nature is that their application is possible and often without a rational means of computing. On the other hand, it should be emphasized that these tools and their combinations are usually based software tools based on design requirements. This was more - less forced practice and legislative measures States regarding the protection of environment and promotion of sustainable development at local, regional and global level. It is in the interests of manufacturers that their products throughout their life cycle in the least impair the environment and are compatible with this. Not every company, and also for economic or other reasons (eg, specific peculiarities of manufactured products) can be deployed in the process of designing an environmentally-oriented software tools. In such cases it is preferred and must use the non-software tools of ecodesign. [2,3]

Answers to questions - where, how, when and in which stages of the design process will be advantageous to deploy these instruments provides us with table 2.

Table 2. Application of eco-design non-software tools in various stages of the design process

Stage	Marketing	Shedule of	Conceptual	Design	Detail	Production
Nástroj		product	design	group	design	
EDM metod						
EI- 99 metod						
Ecodesign PILOT						
Metod of DfE matrix						
Metod of MET matrix						
Metod of comparator						
analysis						

Legends: - Field of application

CONCLUSION

Defining prevention as the primary goal in attempting to avoid the waste and toxic substances is the primary task in taking up so. net generation (clean production). As a next step, which should be pursued to minimize environmental impact? Those efforts should be applied to the entire environmental life cycle of a product, from raw material extraction to final disposal (clean product). The intention is to optimize the socio-economic system of the product and its use in accordance with the criteria of sustainable development in the future. This meets all its meaning and concept of ecodesign principles, which it brings, which is in accordance with progressive prosperity, meaning a reduction in "consumption" of the environment. [1]

The process begins here ecodesign product modeling system, taking into account specific conditions in the company. It draws on environmental parameters and information that are specific to individual phases of the life cycle of a product as the newly designed products, as well as existing, to be on improving their environmental analysis. These are based on progressive analysis tools and methods, some of which are more or less considered in the EU as a standard.

Ecodesign brings a new dimension to the design and development of new engineering products and processes to improve existing products. The challenge is to provide the most relevant information as soon as possible to continue with the development of this knowledge. Providing external and internal incentives for environmentally responsible design - ecodesign should be part of defining the product and its creative cycle.

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